planned for a navigable depth of 2.00 meters. It is also planned to provide necessary infrastructural facilities like terminals, navigational aids, bank protection etc. Under the long term action plan, it is proposed to develop the existing waterways No. 1 and 2 for navigation of larger vessels by providing 3 meters depth and larger channel width and to provide mechanised terminals and night navigational facilities based on cargo offering. Similarly, in National waterway No. 3, it is proposed to deepen the channel further in the entire National Waterway with night navigational facilities and mechanised terminals.

कांडला बन्दरगाह पर ड्रेजर्स लगाया जाना

1003. **श्री अनन्तराय देवशंकर दवे:** क्या जल-भूतल परिवहन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या कच्छ में कांडला बंदरगाह मुक्त बन्दरगाह क्षेत्र, पोरबंदर और वाडीनार पर ड्रेजर्स अधिष्ठापित किये गए हैं;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या इन ड्रेजर्स का इनकी पूर्ण क्षमता तक उपयोग किया जा रहा है;

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं;

(घ) क्या सरकार ने कांडला मुक्त बन्दरगाह पर बहुउद्देशीय ड्रेजर्स लगाने पर विचार किया है; और

(ङ) क्या ये विदेशी मालवाहक जहाजों की आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने में सक्षम साबित होंगे?

जल-भूतल परिवहन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री एम० राजशेखर मूर्ति): (क) से (ग) कलकत्ता पत्तन पर रख रखाव निकर्षण के लिए निकर्षक तैनात किए जाते हैं और इनका इष्टतम उपयोग किया जाता है। बाडीनार और पोरबन्दर में कोई निकर्षक तैनात नहीं किया गया है।

(घ) और (ङ) पोतों के लिए नौगम्य गहराई में सुधार के लिए कांडला में एक अतिरिक्त निकर्षक तैनात किए जाने का प्रस्ताव है।

Norms for Establishment of Delhi Traffic Police

1004. **SHRI TRILOKI NATH CHATUAVEDI:**
DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1581 given in the Rajya Sabha on 16th August, 1995 and state:

(a) when the strength of Traffic Police in Delhi was last determined and what were the salient norms for fixing the strength and status-wise strength so determined;

(b) what are the reasons for not evolving any norms for the traffic police strength in terms of number of vehicles and area to be covered etc.; and

(c) whether there are any established norms in India or elsewhere with regard to traffic police requirement?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (PROF. M. KAMSON): (a) The Staff Inspection Unit of the Ministry of Finance under-took a study of staffing requirements of the Traffic Branch of Delhi Police in 1981 and submitted its report on 8.7.1981. The study did not determine any norms. The status-wise strength recommended by Staff Inspection Unit is given in the enclosed statement. (*See* below)

(b) There are a number of variables which have to be taken into consideration while determining the staffing requirements of the Traffic Branch of Delhi Police. It is not possible to determine the strength only on the basis of number of vehicles and area to be covered.

(c) Traffic Police needs are determined on case-to-case basis for each urban agglomeration.

Statement

S. No.	Name of the post	Number of posts recommended
1.	Deputy Commissioner of Police (Traffic)	1
2.	Assistant Commissioner of Police	5
3.	Chief Liaison Officer	1
4.	Inspector	18
5.	Exhibition Officer	1
6.	Sub-Inspector	89
7.	Assistant Sub-Inspector	52
8.	Head Constable	219
9.	Constable	1231
10.	Photographer	1
11.	Dark Room Assistant	1
12.	Script Writer	2
13.	Artist	2
14.	Draftman	1
	TOTAL:	1624

Services by Delhi Home Guards

1005. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the establishement cost of the Delhi Home Guards and statuswise strength and also when this strength was last reviewed;

(b) the number of Home Guards engaged with Delhi Police and the number deployed with Delhi Traffic Police; and

(c) what is the nature of duties of Delhi Home Guards?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (PROF. M. KAMSON): (a) The establishment cost of Delhi Home Guards is Rs. 1.9 Crore. The status wise strength of the establishmer of Delhi Home Guards is given in the enclosed statement. (*See* below)

The strength of establishment of Delhi Home Guards was last reviewed in 1969.

(b) Presently, Delhi Police has engaged 5796 Home Guards permanently to assist the Delhi Police. Out of these, 1409 ome Guards have been deployed with Delhi Traffic Police;

The nature of duties of Delhi Home Guards is as under:

(i) to serve as an auxiliary to the Police and generally help in maintaining internal security;

(ii) to help the community in an emergency like air raid, fire, flood, epidemic etc.;

(iii) to help in providing essential services such as motor transport, fire brigade nursing and first aid, operation of water and power supply installations etc.;

(iv) to promote communal harmony and render assistance to the administration in protecting weaker sections of the society; and

(v) to participate in socio-economic and welfare activities such as adult education, health and hygiene services, development schemes and such other tasks as are deemed useful by Government.